(A Saudi Closed Joint Stock Company) INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited) For the six months period ended 30 June 2019 Together with the Independent auditors' review report

(A Saudi Closed Joint Stock Company)

INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the six months period ended 30 June 2019

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Licence No. 46/11/323 issued 11/3/1992

Independent auditors' review report on the interim condensed financial statements

To the shareholders of Saudi Home Loans Company

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying 30 June 2019 interim condensed financial statements of **Saudi Home Loans Company**"), which comprises:

- the interim condensed statement of financial position as at 30 June 2019;
- the interim condensed statement of income for the three months and six months period ended 30 June 2019;
- the interim condensed statement of comprehensive income for the three months and six months period ended 30 June 2019;
- the interim condensed statement of changes in equity for the six months period ended 30 June 2019;
- the interim condensed statement of cash flows for the six months period ended 30 June 2019; and
- the notes to the interim condensed financial statements.

Management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of these interim condensed financial statements in accordance with the International Accounting Standard 34 *Interim Financial Reporting* ("IAS 34") as endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these interim condensed financial statements based on our review.

Scope of review

We conducted our review in accordance with the International Standard on Review Engagements 2410 Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity that is endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with the International Standards on Auditing that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying 31 March 2019 interim condensed financial statements of **Saudi Home Loans Company** are not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with IAS 34 as endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.

For KPMG AI Fozan & Partners Certified Public Accountants

Dr. Abdullah Hamad Al Fozan License No: 348

LICEIISE NO. 540

29 Dhul Qadah 1440H Corresponding to: 1 August 2019



(A Saudi Closed Joint Stock Company) INTERIM CONDENSED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

(Amounts in Saudi Riyals)

ASSETS	<u>Notes</u>	30 June 2019 (Unaudited)	31 December 2018 (<u>Audited</u>)	30 June 2018 (<u>Restated/</u> <u>Unaudited)</u>
Cash and cash equivalents		71,710,778	79,643,334	100,592,007
Prepaid expenses and other assets, net	5	40,430,331	37,999,480	24,353,160
Advances to property owners	6	8,135,934	5,911,286	5,930,000
Due from related parties	7	834,483	897,247	963,318
Investment	8	892,850	892,850	892,850
Investments in finance lease, net	9	4,194,415,432	4,190,325,349	4,186,560,048
Deferred origination fees	10	27,739,283	29,810,236	31,316,728
Other real estate		5,641,294	2,829,685	3,179,685
Right-of-use asset	11	7,129,885		
Property and equipment, net		4,731,851	4,065,263	4,144,838
Deferred tax assets	3, 15	4,000,428	4,068,676	3,476,323
Intangible assets, net		2,640,189	3,562,076	3,905,788
Total assets		4,368,302,738	4,360,005,482	4,365,314,745
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY Liabilities				
Accounts payable	12	33,194,348	30,937,901	969,076
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	13	8,543,201	6,507,469	6,865,255
Advance lease rentals		9,552,778	7,778,549	17,629,846
Lease liability	11	6,136,468		
Provision for zakat and income tax	14	39,119,751	36,413,896	3,768,280
Tawarruq financing facilities	16	2,790,961,577	2,824,238,161	2,890,722,332
End of service benefits	17	9,526,693	8,590,316	8,243,914
Total liabilities		2,897,034,816	2,914,466,292	2,928,198,703
Equity				
Share capital	18	1,000,000,000	1,000,000,000	1,000,000,000
Statutory reserve	19	98,157,048	95,687,644	91,658,529
Actuarial (losses) / gains on end of service benefits	17	(30,827)	406,970	221,710
Retained earnings	3	373,141,701	349,444,576	345,235,803
Total equity		1,471,267,922	1,445,539,190	1,437,116,042
Total liabilities and equity		4,368,302,738	4,360,005,482	4,365,314,745

(A Saudi Closed Joint Stock Company)

INTERIM CONDENSED STATEMENT OF INCOME

For the three months and six months period ended 30 June 2019

(Amounts in Saudi Riyals)

		For the three n		For the six months ended	
		June	30	June	30
			2018		2018
	Notes	2019	(Restated/	2019	(Restated/
		(Unaudited)	<u>Unaudited</u>)	(Unaudited)	<u>Unaudited)</u>
Lease finance income		75,339,500	77,119,249	149,643,407	146,325,698
	20	, ,	* *	, ,	· · ·
Service fees, net	20	2,246,133	2,575,921	4,577,080	5,237,153
Application and evaluation fee income		802,703	584,039	1,268,954	1,243,726
Other income		·	70,972	·	238,472
Total operating income	_	78,388,336	80,350,181	155,489,441	153,045,049
Financing charges	16	(36,394,945)	(31,743,815)	(72,111,242)	(62,127,781)
General and administrative expenses	22	(13,914,726)	(12,799,196)	(27,282,957)	(24,892,870)
(Provision for) / reversal of expected credit losses	5, 9	(2,839,615)	(15,957,587)	1,821,650	(18,780,984)
Selling and marketing expenses	21	(6,952,936)	(5,983,910)	(12,871,767)	(11,754,403)
Net income before zakat and income tax	_	18,286,114	13,865,673	45,045,125	35,489,011
Zakat and income tax expense		_			
for the current period	3, 14	(2,723,551)	(188,996)	(5,978,482)	(3,862,251)
Zakat for the prior periods	3, 14	(12,831,866)		(12,831,866)	
Deferred tax credit/(expense)	3, 15	132,030	685,256	(68,248)	863,042
	_	(15,423,387)	496,260	(18,878,596)	(2,999,209)
Net income for the period	_	2,862,727	14,361,933	26,166,529	32,489,802

(A Saudi Closed Joint Stock Company)

INTERIM CONDENSED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the three months and six months period ended 30 June 2019

(Amounts in Saudi Riyals)

		For the three months ended June 30		For the six months ended June 30		
	<u>Note</u>	2019 (Unaudited)	2018 (Restated/ Unaudited)	2019 (Unaudited)	2018 (Restated/ Unaudited)	
Net income for the period		2,862,727	14,361,933	26,166,529	32,489,802	
Other comprehensive income Item that cannot be subsequently reclassified to the statement of income:						
Actuarial (losses) / gains on end of service benefits	17	(453,739)	153,748	(437,797)	221,710	
Total comprehensive income for the period	or	2,408,988	14,515,681	25,728,732	32,711,512	

(A Saudi Closed Joint Stock Company) INTERIM CONDENSED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the six months period ended 30 June 2019

(Amounts in Saudi Riyals)

	_	For the six months period ended 30 June 2019 (Unaudited)					
				Actuarial			
				(losses) /			
		Share	Statutory	gains on	Retained	Total	
	<u>Note</u>	<u>Capital</u>	reserve	EOSB	<u>earnings</u>	<u>equity</u>	
Balance at beginning of the period	_	1,000,000,000	95,540,395	406,970	349,591,825	1,445,539,190	
Net income for the period					26,166,529	26,166,529	
Actuarial losses on end of service benefits	17			(437,797)		(437,797)	
Total comprehensive income for the period	_			(437,797)	26,166,529	25,728,732	
Transfer to statutory reserve	19		2,616,653		(2,616,653)		
Balance at end of the period	_	1,000,000,000	98,157,048	(30,827)	373,141,701	1,471,267,922	

		For the six months period ended 30 June 2018 (Unaudited)					
		Actuarial					_
		Share	Statutory	General	gains on	Retained	Total
	<u>Note</u>	<u>capital</u>	<u>reserve</u>	Reserve	<u>EOSB</u>	<u>earnings</u>	<u>equity</u>
Balance at beginning of the period, as reported		1,000,000,000	88,109,628	40,604,666		305,676,175	1,434,390,469
Impact of adopting IFRS 9	3					(32,599,220)	(32,599,220)
Impact of adopting IAS 12	3					2,613,281	2,613,281
Balance at 1 January 2018, as restated		1,000,000,000	88,109,628	40,604,666		275,690,236	1,404,404,530
Net income for the period						32,489,802	32,489,802
Actuarial gains on end of service benefits	17				221,710		221,710
Total comprehensive income for the period					221,710	32,489,802	32,711,512
Transfer to statutory reserve	19		3,548,901			(3,548,901)	
Reclassification of general reserve	19			(40,604,666)		40,604,666	
Balance at end of the period		1,000,000,000	91,658,529		221,710	345,235,803	1,437,116,042

(A Saudi Closed Joint Stock Company)

INTERIM CONDENSED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the six months period ended 30 June 2019

(Amounts in Saudi Riyals)

	Notes	2019 (Unaudited)	2018 (Unaudited)
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	110105	Chauditedy	<u>(Chadanea)</u>
Net income before zakat and income tax		45,045,125	35,489,011
Adjustments to reconcile net income to			
net cash generated from operating activities:			
Depreciation and amortisation	22	2,565,995	1,376,201
Amortisation of deferred origination fees		2,080,963	1,868,481
(Reversal of) / provision for expected credit losses	5, 9	(1,821,650)	18,780,984
Provision for end of service benefits	17	939,557	819,015
Amortisation of discount on lease liability	22	199,324	
Net (increase) / decrease in operating assets:			
Prepaid expenses and other assets, net		(2,240,061)	(1,033,229)
Advances to property owners		(2,224,648)	5,826,000
Due from related parties		62,764	68,040
Investments in finance lease, net		(5,080,042)	(48,796,269)
Net increase / (decrease) in operating liabilities:			
Accounts payable		2,256,447	(786,740)
Accrued expenses and other liabilities		2,035,731	1,023,826
Advance lease rentals		1,774,229	6,025,617
Net cash from operations		45,593,734	20,660,937
Zakat and income tax paid	14	(16,104,493)	(6,749,562)
End of service benefits paid	17	(440,977)	(81,488)
Deferred origination fees paid		(10,010)	(747,894)
Net cash generated from operating activities		29,038,254	13,081,993
INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Purchase of property and equipment		(1,126,181)	(99,829)
Purchase of intangible assets			(98,347)
Net cash used in investing activities		(1,126,181)	(198,176)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Additions in Tawarruq financing facilities		29,200,635	128,659,247
Repayment of Tawarruq financing facilities		(62,477,219)	(66,037,535)
Payment of lease liability		(2,568,045)	
Net cash (used in) / generated from financing activities		(35,844,629)	62,621,712
Net (decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents		(7,932,556)	75,505,529
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period		79,643,334	25,086,478
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period		71,710,778	100,592,007
Supplemental cash information			
Lease finance income received		148,949,707	141,849,338
Financing charges paid		75,388,700	62,137,281
Supplemental non-cash information		- /	, ,
Capital work in progress transferred to intangible assets			
and property and equipment		181,675	203,605
Investments in finance lease transferred to other real estate		2,829,685	203,003
Right-of-use asset	11	7,129,885	
Lease liability	11	6,136,468	
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(A Saudi Closed Joint Stock Company)

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

For the six months period ended 30 June 2019

(Amounts in Saudi Riyals)

1. ACTIVITIES

Saudi Home Loans Company ("the Company") is a Saudi closed joint stock company registered in Riyadh, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia under the commercial registration no. 1010241934 dated 22 Dhul Al Hijjah 1428H (corresponding to 1 January 2008). The Company operates under Saudi Arabian General Investment Authority ("SAGIA") license no: 102030072425-01 dated 23 Rajab 1430H (corresponding to 16 July 2009), also the Company is regulated and licensed by Saudi Arabian Monitory Authority's ("SAMA") license no: 14/A SH/201403 dated 27 Rabi Al-Thani 1435H (corresponding to 27 Feb 2014). The address of the Company is as follows:

Saudi Home Loans Company P.O.Box 27072 Riyadh 11417 Kingdom of Saudi Arabia

The principal activities of the Company is to finance the purchase of houses and residential land and apartments, financing of real estate properties that are developed by all companies operating in the real estate development and financing the establishment of commercial and industrial projects.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

a) Statement of compliance

These interim condensed financial statements for the three months and six months periods ended 30 June 2019 have been prepared in accordance with the International Accounting Standard ("IAS") 34: "Interim Financial Reporting" as endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia and other standards and pronouncements issued by the Saudi Organisation for Certified Public Accountants ("SOCPA").

These interim condensed financial statements as at and for the period and year ended 30 June 2019 and 31 December 2018, respectively, were prepared in compliance with IAS 34 and the International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") respectively, as modified by SAMA for the accounting of zakat and income tax (relating to the application of IAS 12 "Income Taxes" and IFRIC 21 "Levies" so far as these relate to zakat and income tax.

On 17 July 2019, SAMA instructed the financing companies in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia to account for the zakat and income taxes in the statement of income. This aligns with the IFRS and its interpretations as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and as endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia and with the other standards and pronouncements that are issued by the Saudi Organisation for Certified Public Accountants ("SOCPA") (collectively referred to as "IFRS as endorsed in KSA").

Accordingly, the Company changed its accounting treatment for zakat and income tax by retrospectively adjusting the impact in line with IAS 8 "Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors". The impact of this change are disclosed in note 3.2 to the interim condensed financial statements.

(A Saudi Closed Joint Stock Company)

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

For the six months period ended 30 June 2019

(Amounts in Saudi Riyals)

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION (CONTINUED)

b) Basis of measurement

These financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for the equity investment which is measured at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI") and end of service benefits liability which is measured at present value of future obligations using the projected unit credit method.

c) Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Saudi Riyals, which is the functional and presentation currency of the Company. The figures in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest Saudi Riyal.

3. <u>IMPACT OF CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES DUE TO ADOPTION OF NEW STANDARDS</u>

3.1 IFRS 16 Leases

Effective 1 January 2019, the Company has adopted a new accounting standard IFRS 16.

Leases that do not transfer to the Company substantially all of the risk and benefits of ownership of the asset are classified as operating leases. Consequently, all of the leases entered into by the Company are all operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to the statement of income on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

The Company adopted IFRS 16. The standard replaces the existing guidance on leases, including IAS 17 "Leases", IFRIC 4 "Determining whether an Arrangement contains a Lease", SIC 15 "Operating Leases – Incentives" and SIC 27 "Evaluating the Substance of Transactions in the Legal Form of a Lease".

IFRS 16 was issued in January 2016 and is effective for annual periods commencing on or after 1 January 2019. IFRS 16 stipulates that all leases and the associated contractual rights and obligations should generally be recognised in the Company's statement of financial position, unless the term is 12 months or less or if the leases are for low value assets. Thus, the classification required under IAS 17 "Leases" into either operating or finance leases is eliminated for lessees. For each lease, the lessee recognises a liability for the lease obligations to be incurred in the future. Correspondingly, a right to use the leased asset is capitalised, which is generally equivalent to the present value of the future lease payments plus directly attributable costs and which is amortised over the useful life.

During the first time application of IFRS 16, the right to use the leased assets is generally measured at the amount of lease liability, using the interest rate at the time of first time application.

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NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

For the six months period ended 30 June 2019

(Amounts in Saudi Riyals)

3. <u>IMPACT OF CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES DUE TO ADOPTION OF NEW STANDARDS (CONTINUED)</u>

3.1 IFRS 16 Leases (continued)

The Company adopted IFRS 16 using the modified retrospective approach. The Company elected to apply the standard to contracts that were previously identified as lease applying IAS 17 and IFRIC 4. The Company therefore did not apply the standard to contracts that were not previously identified as containing a lease applying IAS 17 and IFRIC 4. The Company elected to use the exemptions proposed by the standard on lease contracts for which the lease terms ends within 12 months as of the date of initial application, and lease contracts for which the underlying asset is of low value, whenever applicable.

IFRS 16 transition disclosures also requires the Company to present the reconciliation of the off-balance sheet lease obligations as at 31 December 2018. However, all of the Company's lease contracts expired on 31 December 2018 except for one lease contract with remaining 2 months lease term. Hence, there had been no adjustment required as at 1 January 2018.

3.2 Accounting for zakat and income tax

As mentioned in note 2(a) to the interim condensed financial statements, the basis of preparation has been changed for the period ended 30 June 2019 as a result of the issuance of latest instructions from SAMA dated 17 July 2019. Previously, zakat and income tax were recognised in the statement of changes in equity as per SAMA circular no. 381000074519 dated 11 April 2017. With the latest instructions issued by SAMA dated 17 July 2019, the zakat and income tax shall be recognised in the statement of income. The Company has accounted for this change in the accounting for zakat and income tax retrospectively. The change in the accounting treatment for zakat and income tax has the following impact on the line items of the statements of income, financial position and changes in equity:

As at and for the six months period ended 30 June 2018:

Financial statement impacted	Account	Before the restatement for the six-month period ended 30 June 2018:	Effect of restatement	As restated as at and for the six-month period ended 30 June 2018:
Statement of changes in equity	Provision for zakat and income tax (retained earnings)	3,862,251	(3,862,251)	
Statement of income	Zakat and income tax expense		(2,999,209)	(2,999,209)
Statement of financial position	Deferred tax assets		3,476,323	3,476,323

(A Saudi Closed Joint Stock Company)

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

For the six months period ended 30 June 2019

(Amounts in Saudi Riyals)

3. <u>IMPACT OF CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES DUE TO ADOPTION OF NEW STANDARDS (CONTINUED)</u>

3.2 Accounting for zakat and income tax (continued)

As at and for the three -month period ended 30 June 2018:

Financial statement impacted	Account	Before the restatement for the three-month period ended 30 June 2018:	Effect of restatement	As restated as at and for the three-month period ended 30 June 2018:
Statement of changes in equity	Provision for zakat and income tax (retained earnings)	188,996	(188,996)	
Statement of income	Zakat and income tax expense		496,260	496,260
Statement of financial position	Deferred tax assets		3,476,323	3,476,323

As at 31 December 2018:

Financial statement impacted	Account	Before the restatement as at 31 December 2018:	Effect of restatement	As restated as at 31 December 2018:
Statement of financial position	Deferred tax assets	-	4,068,676	4,068,676
Statement of financial position	Retained earnings	345,375,900	4,068,676	349,444,576

As at 1 January 2018:

Financial statement impacted	Account	Before the restatement as at 1 January 2018:	Effect of restatement	As restated as at 1 January 2018:
Statement of financial position	Deferred tax assets	-	2,613,281	2,613,281
Statement of financial position	Retained earnings	273,076,955	2,613,281	275,690,236

The change has had no impact on the statement of cash flows for the period ended 30 June 2018.

On the basis of materiality, the deferred tax arising from the adjustment upon first time adoption of IFRS 9 (i.e. expected credit losses) was recognised by the Company in profit or loss for the period ended and June 2018.

(A Saudi Closed Joint Stock Company)

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

For the six months period ended 30 June 2019

(Amounts in Saudi Riyals)

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies used in the preparation of these interim condensed financial statements are consistent with those used in the preparation of the annual financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 December 2018 except for the policies explained below.

4.1 Accounting for leases

Before 1 January 2019, the Company followed the below accounting policy where the Company was the lessee.

Operating leases

Where the Company was a lessee, rental payments were recognised as expenses in the statement of income on a straight-line method basis over the lease contract period.

Accounting policy applicable on and after 1 January 2019:

Based on the adoption of IFRS 16 as explained in Note 3, the following accounting policies are applicable effective 1 January 2019.

Right of use asset / lease liability

On initial recognition, at inception of the contract, the Company shall assess whether the contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. Control is identified if most of the benefits are flowing to the Company and the Company can direct the usage of such assets.

Right of use assets

The Company applies cost model, and measures right of use asset at cost:

- a. less any accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses; and
- b. adjusted for any re-measurement of the lease liability for lease modifications.

Lease lability

On initial recognition, the lease liability is the present value of all remaining payments to the lessor. Subsequent to the commencement date, the Company measures the lease liability by:

- a) Increasing the carrying amount to reflect interest on the lease liability;
- b) Reducing the carrying amount to reflect the lease payments made; and
- c) Re-measuring the carrying amount to reflect any re-assessment or lease modification.

4.2 Accounting for zakat and income tax

Income tax

The income tax expense or credit for the period is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income, based on the applicable income tax rate for each jurisdiction, adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences and to unused tax losses.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions, where appropriate, on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

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NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

For the six months period ended 30 June 2019

(Amounts in Saudi Riyals)

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

4.2 Accounting for zakat and income tax (continued)

Adjustments arising from the final income tax assessments are recorded in the period in which such assessments are made. The income tax expense or credit for the period is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate adjusted for the changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to the temporary differences and to the unused tax losses.

IFRIC Interpretation 23 Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatment ("the Interpretation")

The Interpretation addresses the accounting for income taxes when tax treatments involve uncertainty that affects the application of IAS 12. It does not apply to taxes or levies outside the scope of IAS 12, nor does it specifically include requirements relating to interest and penalties associated with uncertain tax treatments. The Interpretation specifically addresses the following:

- Whether an entity considers uncertain tax treatments separately
- The assumptions an entity makes about the examination of tax treatments by taxation authorities
- How an entity determines taxable profit (tax loss), tax bases, unused tax losses, unused tax credits and tax rates
- How an entity considers changes in facts and circumstances

The Company has to determine whether to consider each uncertain tax treatment separately or together with one or more other uncertain tax treatments. The approach that better predicts the resolution of the uncertainty needs to be followed.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is provided using the liability method on temporary differences arising between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and amounts used for the taxation purposes. The amount of deferred tax provided is based on the expected manner of realisation or settlement of the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities using the tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. A deferred tax asset is recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available and the credits can be utilized. Deferred tax asset is reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefits will be realised.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset where there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and where the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority. Current tax assets and tax liabilities are offset where the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Current and deferred tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised

(A Saudi Closed Joint Stock Company)

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

For the six months period ended 30 June 2019

(Amounts in Saudi Riyals)

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

4.2 Accounting for zakat and income tax (continued)

Zakat

The Group is subject to Zakat in accordance with the regulations of the General Authority of Zakat and Income Tax ("GAZT"). Zakat expense is charged to the profit or loss. Zakat is not accounted for as income tax and as such no deferred tax is calculated relating to zakat.

5. PREPAID EXPENSES AND OTHER ASSETS, NET

Prepaid expenses and other assets comprised of the following:

		31 December	30 June
	30 June 2019	2018	2018
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)	(Unaudited)
Insurance claims receivable on decease-			
case leases	25,032,600	25,171,311	23,599,643
VAT receivable	15,573,132	8,366,174	
Advance tax	1,261,124	3,460,872	1,153,624
Prepaid insurance	1,932,188	3,686,186	742,679
Prepaid financing facility interest (IFC)	4,710,361	4,662,866	4,363,009
Prepaid financing facility fees (IFC)	1,566,448	1,723,096	1,879,744
Prepaid financing facility fees (GIB)	1,200,000	1,537,500	1,875,000
Legal claim	1,018,356	1,018,356	1,018,356
Prepaid software maintenance	888,923	843,621	554,821
Employees' advances and receivables	128,023	144,199	111,410
Others	839,373	604,922	1,694,124
	54,150,528	51,219,103	36,992,410
Allowance for provision for: - ECL on insurance claims receivable			
on non-performing decease-case	(12,226,108)	(12,201,267)	(11,620,894)
- Legal claim	(1,494,089)	(1,018,356)	(1,018,356)
	40,430,331	37,999,480	24,353,160

All insurance claims receivable on non-performing decease-case leases are classified as stage 3 in accordance with IFRS 9.

6. ADVANCES TO PROPERTY OWNERS

This balance represents the amounts of certified cheques issued under the property owners' name, for the purchase of properties of the Company's Ijara Contracts (approved deals) and for which the transfer of title deeds, in the name of the Company, is in process. These certified cheques are submitted by official Company representatives directly at the Registration office at the time of title deed transfer. Risk and reward of such Ijarah contracts are not transferred as at the date of statement of financial position and therefore is recognised as an advance in the financial statements.

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7. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

In accordance with IAS 24 "Related Party Disclosures", parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial or operational decisions.

In considering each possible related party relationship, attention is directed to the substance of the relationship, not merely the legal form. Related parties may enter into transactions which unrelated parties might not, and transactions between related parties may not be effected on the same terms, conditions and amounts as transactions between unrelated parties.

The Company, in its ordinary course of business transacts with the following related parties. The terms of those billings and charges are on an agreed basis with these related parties:

<u>Name</u>	Relationship
Arab National Bank	Shareholder
International Financial Corporation	Shareholder
Kingdom Installment Company	Shareholder
ANB Metlife	Affiliate
Afwaf Investment Company	Affiliate

The significant transactions during the period and the related amounts are as follows:

	30 June 2019	31 December 2018	30 June 2018
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)	(Unaudited)
Loan obtained from a shareholder (ANB)	25,000,000	2,216,981,529	125,000,000
	23,000,000		123,000,000
Loan obtained from a shareholder (IFC)		187,500,000	
Tawaruq financing charges (ANB)	56,137,084	109,898,506	51,982,541
Tawaruq financing charges (IFC)	5,210,413	8,794,273	4,215,123
Takaful protection coverage (ANB Metlife)		8,236,857	6,354,647
Service fees, net	4,577,080	10,156,303	5,237,153
Prepaid financing facility fees (IFC)		1,723,096	4,363,009
Prepaid interest expense IFC	4,710,361	4,662,866	
Lease contract with an affiliate	1,882,090	1,882,090	941,046
Deferred origination fees paid (Note 10)	10,010	1,119,091	747,894
Due from related parties, is comprised of the fo	allowing		
Due from related parties, is comprised of the re	30 June	31 December	30 June
	2019	2018	2018
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)	(Unaudited)
Arab National Bank	834,483	897,247	963,318
	834,483	897,247	963,318

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7. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

Compensation of key management personnel

The Company considers chief executive officer and chief operating officer as key management personnel.

	30 June	31 December	30 June
	2019	2018	2018
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)	(Unaudited)
Salaries and other benefits	1,222,693	4,175,393	2,086,454
End of service benefits	77,344	272,902	105,398
	1,300,037	4,448,295	2,191,852

8. <u>INVESTMENT</u>

Pursuant to Article 18/1 of the financial leasing law, Saudi Financial Lease Contract Registry Company ("SFLCRC") was established on 3/2/1439, corresponding to 23 October 2017, under CR No. 1010612415, and SAMA approval no. 381000124076 dated 23/12/1438, corresponding to 14 September 2017.

This Company has been set up by SAMA as a means to further regulate the market and facilitate transfer of leases between suppliers of finance and counterparties. SFLCRC has 700,000 shares of SR 10 each. These 700,000 shares have been divided between finance lease companies registered and operating in Saudi Arabia. On 17 December 2017, Saudi Home Loans Company purchased 89,285 shares at SR 10 each, amounting to SR 892,850.

The Company has elected to classify this equity investment as FVOCI. As at the date of these financial statements, the carrying value of this investment is not materially different to its fair value

9. <u>INVESTMENTS IN FINANCE LEASE, NET</u>

This balance represents net investments in finance lease as summarized below:

	30 June 2019	31 December	30 June 2018
	(Unaudited)	2018 (Audited)	(Unaudited)
Minimum lease payments			
Performing leases	6,521,486,957	6,515,280,546	6,464,470,569
Non-performing leases	308,151,607	317,694,471	379,963,448
Investments in finance lease,			
gross	6,829,638,564	6,832,975,017	6,844,434,017
Less: Unearned finance income	(2,570,645,693)	(2,575,750,005)	(2,603,801,914)
Investments in finance lease	_		
before impairment	4,258,992,871	4,257,225,012	4,240,632,103
Less: Allowance for credit losses	(64,577,439)	(66,899,663)	(54,072,055)
Investments in finance lease, net	4,194,415,432	4,190,325,349	4,186,560,048
Less: Current portion	(267,502,806)	(262,693,122)	(205,505,676)
Less: Accrued finance lease			
receivable	(40,792,652)	(40,098,952)	(34,759,284)
Non-current portion	3,886,119,974	3,887,533,275	3,946,295,088

Investments represent net investment in finance lease. Total number of outstanding lease agreements as at 30 June 2019 is 6,698 (31 December 2018: 6,587, 30 June 2018: 6,460).

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9. <u>INVESTMENTS IN FINANCE LEASE, NET (CONTINUED)</u>

The Company generates substantially all of its revenues from leasing real estate in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. Gross amounts due in relation to the finance leases are due from individual customers. Title deeds of the underlying properties are in the name of the Company, except for those where the ownership has been transferred to Arab National Bank (a shareholder) in accordance with the terms of the facility agreement for Tawaruq Financing facilities (Refer to Note 15), and for those where the ownership has been kept under the name of Kingdom Instalment Company (a shareholder) as a custodian in accordance with the custodian agreement.

9.1 The movement in the allowance for expected credit losses for investments as at 30 June 2019 is shown below:

	30 June	31 December	30 June
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2018</u>
Opening balance, as reported	66,899,663	12,203,770	12,203,770
Amount restated through opening			
retained earning upon adoption of			
IFRS 9 as at 1 January 2018	<u></u>	23,506,880	23,506,880
Opening balance, as restated	66,899,663	35,710,650	35,710,650
(Reversal of) / provision for the	(2,322,224)	31,189,013	18,361,405
period / year			
Closing balance	64,577,439	66,899,663	54,072,055

9.2 The credit quality of investments in finance lease as at 30 June 2019 is as follows:

	12 month ECL	Life time ECL not credit <u>impaired</u>	Life time ECL credit <u>impaired</u>	<u>Total</u>
Gross carrying amount	3,475,033,575	584,654,561	199,304,735	4,258,992,871
Allowance for expected credit losses	(2,813,419)	(15,410,062)	(46,353,958)	(64,577,439)
Allowance for credit losses	3,472,220,156	569,244,499	152,950,777	4,194,415,432

The credit quality of investments in finance lease as at 31 December 2018 is as follows:

		Life time ECL	Life time	
		not credit	ECL credit	
	12 month ECL	<u>impaired</u>	<u>impaired</u>	<u>Total</u>
Gross carrying amount	3,520,021,639	469,193,929	268,009,444	4,257,225,012
Allowance for				
expected credit losses	(1,573,096)	(10,168,698)	(55,157,869)	(66,899,663)
Net carrying amount	3,518,448,543	459,025,231	21,285,575	4,190,325,349

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9. <u>INVESTMENTS IN FINANCE LEASE, NET (CONTINUED)</u>

The credit quality of investments in finance lease as at 30 June 2018 is as follows:

		Life time ECL	Life time	
		not credit	ECL credit	
	12 month ECL	<u>impaired</u>	<u>impaired</u>	<u>Total</u>
Gross carrying amoun	3,499,486,196	532,036,683	209,109,224	4,240,632,103
Allowance for				
expected credit				
losses	(1,487,549)	(11,978,663)	(40,605,843)	(54,072,055)
Net carrying amount	3,497,998,647	520,058,020	168,503,381	4,186,560,048

9.3 Maturity profile of the lease payments is as follows:

_		30 June 2019		31 December 2018	30 June 2018
<u>Year</u>	Minimum lease payments	Unearned finance income	Investments in finance lease	Investments in finance lease	Investments in finance lease
Within one year	601,750,101	293,454,643	308,295,458	302,792,074	294,337,015
Year two	547,798,288	273,281,345	274,516,943	270,292,349	270,358,254
Year three	534,343,398	252,611,275	281,732,123	277,119,582	275,459,139
Year four	518,887,308	231,592,350	287,294,958	282,973,398	281,403,555
Year five and later	4,626,859,469	1,519,706,080	3,107,153,389	3,124,047,609	3,119,074,140
	6,829,638,564	2,570,645,693	4,258,992,871	4,257,225,012	4,240,632,103

Collateral

The Company in the ordinary course of lending activities holds collateral as security to mitigate credit risk. These collaterals are primarily title deeds in the name of the Company, for properties that have been leased out to the portfolio of investments in finance lease.

As at 30 June 2019, the carrying amount of gross non-performing leases amounted to SR 308.15 million (31 December 2018: SR 317.69 million and 30 June 2018: SR 379.96 million) and the fair value of identifiable real estate collateral held against them amount to SR 231.10 million (31 December 2018: 241.80 million and 30 June 2018: SR 325.43 million). The Company has a policy to value every year, all real estate properties leased out, by involving approved appraisers.

10. <u>DEFERRED ORIGINATION FEES</u>

Deferred origination fees comprises of the unamortised portion of commission paid to Arab National Bank, a shareholder for deals originated through the use of its infrastructure, resources and client base. This fee is amortized using the effective rate method over the period of the respective lease contracts.

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11. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSET / LEASE LIABILITY

The Company has three lease contracts with different lessors for the lease of premises of the Head Office in Riyadh, Dammam Branch and Jeddah Branch. All contracts started during 2019.

Details on the three contracts are as follows:

	Riyadh	Dammam	<u>Jeddah</u>	<u>Total</u>
Undiscounted cash flows based on				
lease terms	5,646,270	1,115,730	2,500,000	9,262,000
Lease liability, 1 January 2019	5,125,399		2,164,738	7,290,137
Additions during the period		1,024,262		1,024,262
Payment of lease liability	(1,882,090)	(185,955)	(500,000)	(2,568,045)
Reduction of prepaid interest	128,135	8,537	54,118	190,790
Amortisation of discount	128,135	17,071	54,118	199,324
Lease liability, 30 June 2019	3,499,578	863,915	1,772,975	6,136,468
Right-of-use asset, 1 January 2019	5,125,399		2,164,738	7,290,137
Additions during the period		1,024,262		1,024,262
Accumulated depreciation	(854,233)	(113,308)	(216,973)	(1,184,514)
Right-of-use asset, 30 June 2019	4,271,166	910,954	1,947,765	7,129,885

The Company calculates the present value of the three contracts using the Company's incremental borrowing rate of 5% over the lease term, and amortises the right-of-use asset using the straight-line method over the lease term.

12. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE

On 8 April 2018, the Company has entered into an agreement with the Ministry of Housing ("MOH") where the Company purchases properties owned by MOH and enters into Ijara finance lease contracts with Saudi nationals as part of the government's initiative to provide support to Saudis who want to own houses.

As at 30 June 2019, the Company's accounts payable includes an amount due to the Ministry of Housing (MOH) amounted to SR 33.4 million (31 December 2018: 22.59). This represents purchase price of the properties where the Company has already entered into Ijarah finance lease contracts with customers while the title deeds are yet to be transferred in the name of the Company. As part of the agreement of the Company with MOH, the Company will only pay the purchase price of the properties to the MOH once the title deed of the properties were successfully transferred in the name of the Company.

21 December

13. ACCRUED EXPENSES AND OTHER LIABILITIES

Employees' related expenses 5,806,059 5,357,186 4,587,855 Accrued insurance 1,128,363 1,178,917 Accrued legal and consultation fees 558,855 296,255 273,555 Provision for maintenance on finance lease contracts 358,553 404,279 444,800 Accrued brokerage fees 33,840 238,733 Others 691,371 415,909 141,395 Total 8,543,201 6,507,469 6,865,255		30 June	31 December	
Employees' related expenses 5,806,059 5,357,186 4,587,855 Accrued insurance 1,128,363 1,178,917 Accrued legal and consultation fees 558,855 296,255 273,555 Provision for maintenance on finance lease contracts 358,553 404,279 444,800 Accrued brokerage fees 33,840 238,733 Others 691,371 415,909 141,395		2019	2018	30 June 2018
Accrued insurance 1,128,363 1,178,917 Accrued legal and consultation fees 558,855 296,255 273,555 Provision for maintenance on finance lease contracts 358,553 404,279 444,800 Accrued brokerage fees 33,840 238,733 Others 691,371 415,909 141,395		(Unaudited)	(Audited)	(Unaudited)
Accrued legal and consultation fees 558,855 296,255 273,555 Provision for maintenance on finance lease contracts 358,553 404,279 444,800 Accrued brokerage fees 33,840 238,733 Others 691,371 415,909 141,395	Employees' related expenses	5,806,059	5,357,186	4,587,855
Provision for maintenance on finance lease contracts 358,553 404,279 444,800 Accrued brokerage fees - 33,840 238,733 Others 691,371 415,909 141,395	Accrued insurance	1,128,363		1,178,917
lease contracts Accrued brokerage fees 33,840 238,733 Others 691,371 415,909 141,395	Accrued legal and consultation fees	558,855	296,255	273,555
Others 691,371 415,909 141,395		358,553	404,279	444,800
113,505	Accrued brokerage fees		33,840	238,733
Total 8,543,201 6,507,469 6,865,255	Others	691,371	415,909	141,395
	Total	8,543,201	6,507,469	6,865,255

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14. PROVISION FOR ZAKAT AND INCOME TAX

The following is an analysis of movements in the provision for zakat and income tax:

	30 June 2019 (<u>Unaudited)</u>	31 December 2018 (Audited)	30 June 2018 (Unaudited)
Balance, beginning of the period / year Zakat and income tax expense for the	36,413,896	6,655,591	6,655,591
current period	5,978,482	11,047,069	3,862,251
Zakat for the prior periods	12,831,866	25,366,827	
Income tax adjustment		93,971	
Payment during the period / year	(16,104,493)	(6,749,562)	(6,749,562)
Balance, end of the period / year	39,119,751	36,413,896	3,768,280

The estimate for the period provided at interim stage is the best estimate of management, therefore, actual figures may differ at year-end.

The GAZT has issued the implementing rules and regulations under Ministerial Decree No. 2216 dated 7 Rajab 1440H (corresponding to 14 March 2019) in respect to the calculation of zakat of financing activities which was applied by the Company effective 1 January 2019. Based on this, the Company has recognised provision for zakat and income tax expense amounting to SR 5.98 million for the period ended 30 June 2019.

The Company has filed its zakat and income tax returns for the years from 2008 up to 2017.

In February 2019, the Company has received a proposed settlement agreement from the GAZT dated 6 February 2019 to settle certain amounts and clear the outstanding assessments relating to zakat for the financial years from 2014 to 2017 and provides a settlement calculation method for financial year 2018. The Company has accepted and signed this settlement agreement which was approved by the Board of Directors on 21 February 2019. In accordance with the terms of the settlement agreement, an advance payment of SR 5.07 million representing 20% of the settlement amount was paid on 7 March 2019 and the remaining balance will be paid in 5 equal instalments due in December each year.

The Company has received final settlement letter from GAZT dated 26 June 2019 to clear all outstanding assessments for the years from 2008 to 2013. The final assessment requires the Company to pay additional zakat amounting to SR 12.8 million. The Company accepted and paid SR 3.2 million on 17 July 2019 of the total settlement amount representing down payment. The Company in its letter dated 14 July 2019 has asked GAZT for a fixed instalment terms for the remaining amount of SR 9.6 million. The Company awaits for the response from GAZT.

Additional provision amount for zakat had been recognised based on these settlement agreement/letter received.

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15. DEFERRED TAX

	30 June <u>2019</u>	31 December 2018 (Restated)	30 June 2018 (<u>Restated</u>)
Balance at the beginning of the period / year	4,068,676	2,613,281	2,613,281
Movement for the period	(68,248)	1,455,395	863,042
Balance at end of the period / year	4,000,428	4,068,676	3,476,323

The Company's deferred tax assets arise from employees' end of service benefits liability, expected credit losses, etc. Based on management assessment, the Company expects sufficient future taxable profits available against which the deferred tax assets will be utilised.

16. TAWARRUQ FINANCING FACILITIES

	30 June	31 December	30 June
	2019	2018	2018
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)	(Unaudited)
Current portion of facilities	728,926,382	643,677,938	821,983,585
Non-current portion of facilities	2,057,834,560	2,173,082,129	2,065,079,500
Total excluding financial charges	2,786,760,942	2,816,760,067	2,887,063,085
Accrued Tawaruq financing charges	4,200,635	7,478,094	3,659,247
Total including financial charges	2,790,961,577	2,824,238,161	2,890,722,332

This item represents the Tawarruq financing facilities from Arab National Bank (shareholder) ("ANB"), International Finance Corporation (Shareholder) ("IFC") and Gulf International Bank ("GIB") to finance the investments in finance lease. Arab National Bank facilities are secured by promissory notes, transfer of certain property title deeds ownership and assignment of contracts and proceeds from investments in finance lease covering 105% of the outstanding facilities amounting to SR 2.30 billion in favour of the bank. These facilities bear finance charges at 6months SIBOR plus annual profit margin of 2%. Starting from 2012, 20% of these facilities were repaid in eight to ten equal semi-annual instalments, whereas the remaining 80% will be due and paid at facility maturity date.

The Company has a Murabaha facility with Gulf International Bank dated September 2015, for a period of 5 years; 20% of which will be repaid in 10 equal semi-annual payments and the remaining 80% will be repaid as a lump sum on the final maturity date. The facility is secured through the issuance of promissory notes and against contract receivables covering 120% amounting to SR 492.18 million of the finance amount. The facility bears a finance charge of 6 months SIBOR plus a profit margin of 1.95%.

Loan from ANB is SR 2,193,310,882 (31 December 2018: SR 2,458,760,514, 30 June 2018: SR 2,427,996,169), GIB is SR 410,150,695 (31 December 2018: SR 276,236,028, 30 June 2018: SR 275,226,163) and from IFC is SR 187,500,000 (31 December 2018: SR 187,500,000, 30 June 2018: SR 187,500,000).

The finance charge related to these facilities, expensed during 2019 is as follows:

30 June 2019 (Unaudited) 2018 (Audited) 30 June 2018 (Unaudited) ANB Tawarruq Facility 56,137,084 (GIB Tawarruq Facility) 109,898,506 12,674,976 51,967,146 5,945,513			31 December	
ANB Tawarruq Facility 56,137,084 109,898,506 51,967,146		30 June 2019	2018	30 June 2018
		(Unaudited)	(Audited)	(Unaudited)
GIB Tawarruq Facility 10,763,744 12,674,976 5,945,513	ANB Tawarruq Facility	56,137,084	109,898,506	51,967,146
	GIB Tawarruq Facility	10,763,744	12,674,976	5,945,513
IFC Tawarruq Facility 5,210,414 9,126,319 4,215,122	IFC Tawarruq Facility	5,210,414	9,126,319	4,215,122
Total Finance Charge 72,111,242 131,699,801 62,127,781	Total Finance Charge	72,111,242	131,699,801	62,127,781

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17. END OF SERVICES BENEFITS

The Company operates an end of service benefit plan for its staff based on prevailing Saudi Labor Laws.

Defined benefit cost

	30 June	31 December	30 June
	2019	2018	2018
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)	(Unaudited)
Current service cost	732,951	1,379,289	689,645
Interest cost on defined benefit obligation	206,606	258,741	129,370
Actuarial gain on obligation recognised in OCI during the period / year		(406,970)	(221,710)
Total defined benefit cost	939,557	1,231,060	597,305

Movements in the present value of defined benefit obligation

	30 June 2019	31 December 2018	30 June 2018
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)	(Unaudited)
Defined benefit obligation at the	8,590,316	7,728,097	7,728,097
beginning of the period/year			
Current service cost	732,951	1,379,289	689,645
Interest cost on defined benefit obligation	206,606	258,741	129,370
Benefits paid to outgoing employees	(440,977)	(368,841)	(81,488)
Actuarial gain on obligation	437,797	(406,970)	(221,710)
Defined benefit obligation at the end of the period / year	9,526,693	8,590,316	8,243,914

Principal actuarial assumptions (in respect of the employee benefit scheme)

	30 June	31 December	30 June
	2019	2018	2018
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)	(Unaudited)
Discount rate	3.35%	4.55%	4.25%
Expected rate of salary increase	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%
Normal retirement age	60	60	60

Assumptions regarding future mortality are set based on actuarial advice in accordance with the published statistics and experience in the region.

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17. END OF SERVICES BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Maturity profile of the defined benefit obligation

30 June	31 December	30 June
2019	2018	2018
(Unaudited)	(Audited)	(Unaudited)
10.19	9.96	10.25
524,063	472,332	452,489
1,016,947	542,942	517,156
686,463	1,080,285	1,014,014
745,636	685,393	669,994
1,081,900	986,323	713,220
6,943,134	7,749,453	7,940,315
	2019 (Unaudited) 10.19 524,063 1,016,947 686,463 745,636 1,081,900	2019 (Unaudited) 2018 (Audited) 9.96 524,063 472,332 1,016,947 542,942 686,463 1,080,285 745,636 685,393 1,081,900 986,323

Sensitivity analysis on significant actuarial assumptions:

	<u> 30 June</u>	31 December	30 June
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2018</u>
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)	(Unaudited)
Discount rate +0.5%	(486,646)	(428,735)	417,520
Discount rate -0.5%	486,646	428,735	(417,520)
Long term salary increase +0.5%	379,607	298,125	291,676
Long term salary increase -0.5%	(379,607)	(298,125)	(291,676)

18. SHARE CAPITAL

The authorised, issued and fully paid share capital of the company consists of 100 million shares of SAR 10 each.

The ownership of the company's share capital is as follows:

No. of shares	Share capital
40,000,000	400,000,000
15,000,000	150,000,000
9,000,000	90,000,000
8,000,000	80,000,000
6,000,000	60,000,000
6,000,000	60,000,000
5,000,000	50,000,000
5,000,000	50,000,000
4,000,000	40,000,000
2,000,000	20,000,000
100,000,000	1,000,000,000
	40,000,000 15,000,000 9,000,000 8,000,000 6,000,000 5,000,000 5,000,000 4,000,000 2,000,000

(A Saudi Closed Joint Stock Company)

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

For the six months period ended 30 June 2019

(Amounts in Saudi Riyals)

19. STATUTORY AND GENERAL RESERVES

In accordance with the Company's By-laws, minimum 10% of the annual net income is required to be transferred to a statutory reserve until this reserve equals 30% of the capital. This reserve is not available for dividend distribution.

On 27 Rabi II 1438H, corresponding to 25 January 2017, SAMA issued circular number 381000046342, whereby financing companies were required to maintain a minimum general provision at 1% of their outstanding investments in finance lease exposure after deducting the non-performing portfolio. Therefore, to comply with this requirement of SAMA, the Company set aside the required amount as a general reserve from equity which amounted to SR 40.60 million as at 31 December 2017.

With the implementation of IFRS 9 from 1 January 2018, a provision for expected credit losses was created from the retained earnings amounting to SR 32 million. Therefore, management decided to reclassify this excess provision of SR 40.60 million from general reserve back to retained earnings as shown in the statement of changes in equity.

20. SERVICE FEE, NET

In 2014, the Company entered into an Asset Sale Agreement with Arab National Bank ("ANB") to sell investments in finance lease with a carrying value of SR 706.5 million represented by 1,404 deals in settlement of facilities equal to the carrying value of these investments in finance lease. This comprised of three transactions executed on March 27, 2014, May 22, 2014, and July 20, 2014 ("sold portfolio") respectively.

As part of this Asset Sale Agreement, ANB and the Company also signed an agreement in relation to this sold portfolio to be recognised, based on an agreed profit sharing schedule built upon monthly instalments from this sold portfolio to compensate for the administrative services provided by the Company which is based on market rate. ANB has no recourse to the Company in relation to any default/loss on the outstanding balance of the investments in finance lease and the related insurance claims receivable, if any. Thus, all substantial risks and rewards associated with the sold portfolio were transferred to ANB at the time of sale in 2014 hence derecognised by the Company.

Fees earned from sold portfolio during the period ended 30 June 2019 amounted to SR 4.58 million (SR 5.24 million during the period ended 30 June 2018).

21. SELLING AND MARKETING EXPENSES

	For three months ended		For six months ended	
_	Ju	ne	June 30	
	2019	2018	2019	2018
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
Insurance expenses	3,238,193	3,472,943	6,465,268	6,929,635
Origination expenses	1,018,910	914,832	2,080,964	1,868,481
Sales, collection and title	1,163,784	678,456	2,055,423	1,360,843
transfer commission				
Marketing expenses	1,021,500	392,547	1,358,115	501,287
Evaluation fees	459,550	467,400	816,000	990,100
Others	50,999	57,732	95,997	104,057
	6,952,936	5,983,910	12,871,767	11,754,403

(A Saudi Closed Joint Stock Company)

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

For the six months period ended 30 June 2019

(Amounts in Saudi Riyals)

22. GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

	For three months ended June 30		For six months June 30	ended
	2019	2018	2019	2018
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
Employees' salaries and other benefits	10,290,433	9,013,431	20,125,306	17,816,674
Depreciation and amortisation	1,311,038	691,435	2,565,995	1,376,201
Consultation fees	858,040	697,093	1,582,886	1,472,531
Repairs and maintenance	489,685	482,493	874,253	740,944
Telecommunication expenses	171,000	192,000	351,999	378,000
Travel expenses	179,370	224,982	395,473	376,351
Amortisation of discount on lease liability	103,931		199,324	
Recruitment-related expenses	(29,139)	172,234	85,540	209,801
Rent expense		680,661		1,392,746
Others	540,368	644,867	1,102,181	1,129,622
	13,914,726	12,799,196	27,282,957	24,892,870

23. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

The principal or the most advantageous market is accessible by the Company.

Financial instruments comprise of Ijarah receivables.

Fair value hierarchy

The Company uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments by valuation technique:

Level 1: quoted (unadjusted) prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: other techniques for which all inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value are observable, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3: techniques which use inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value that are not based on observable market data.

All financial assets (including lease receivables) and financial liabilities, except the Company's equity investments in SFLCRC (note 8), are measured at amortized cost. The carrying amounts of all financial assets and financial liabilities measured at amortized cost approximate their fair values except for net investments in finance leases.

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NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

For the six months period ended 30 June 2019

(Amounts in Saudi Riyals)

23. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

Tawarruq financing facilities bear floating rate of interest based on SIBOR and hence, there is no difference between the carrying value and fair value. Other financial liabilities such as accounts payable and accrued expenses and other liabilities approximate their fair values due to their short term in nature.

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The fair value of net investments in finance leases and investment are as follows:

		30 June 2019 (Unaudited)			
	Carrying Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Net investments in	4,194,415,432			4,189,273,698	4,189,273,698
finance leases					
Investment	892,850			892,850	892,850
Total				4,190,166,548	4,190,166,548
			31 Decemb	per 2018 (Audited)	
	Carrying Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	<u>Total</u>
Net investments in					
finance leases	4,190,325,349			4,185,195,879	4,185,195,879
Investment	892,850			892,850	892,850
Total				4,186,088,729	4,186,088,729
		_			
			30 June 2	018 (Unaudited)	
	Carrying Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	<u>Total</u>
Net investments in					
finance leases	4,186,560,048			4,181,369,461	4,181,369,461
Investment	892,850			892,850	892,850
Total				4,182,262,311	4,182,262,311

The fair value of net investment in finance lease is determined using discounted cash flow technique considering market rates. The market rates are determined based on the risk profile of lease receivables and current interest rates.

There had been no inter-level transfers during the period/year.

24. <u>CAPITAL MANAGEMENT</u>

The Company manages and controls its capital structure and liquidity needs in order to safeguard the Company's ability to meet its future obligations and growing plans and continue as a going concern. The Company monitors the adequacy of its capital using below measures:

	30 June 2019	31 December 2018	<u>30 June 2018</u>
Total capital ratio %	22.84%	23.12%	23.37%

The capital ratio above is calculated by dividing the Company's total share capital with the weighted average total assets of the Company as at year-end. The Company has a capital of SR 1 billion (100 million share).

(A Saudi Closed Joint Stock Company)

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

For the six months period ended 30 June 2019

(Amounts in Saudi Riyals)

25. COMMITMENT AND CONTINGENCIES

The Company has contingencies related to outstanding letter of guarantee issued by the Company in its normal course of business amounting to SR45,638,701 (2017: SR 45,638,701) issued in favour of GAZT related to the zakat assessments raised for previous years from 2008 to 2011. However, as mentioned in note 14 to the financial statements, the Company has reached final settlement with GAZT on all outstanding assessments for zakat. The Company in its letter dated 7 July 2019 has requested GAZT to cancel the letter of guarantee in favour of the Company.

26. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Except for the following as disclosed in these interim condensed financial statements, there were no other significant events after the reporting period that require disclosure or adjustment in these interim condensed financial statements:

- a. As disclosed in note 14 to these interim condensed financial statements, the Company has paid SR 3.2 million as down payment in relation to the settlement letter dated 26 June 2019 the Company received from GAZT to settle the outstanding assessments for zakat from 2008 to 2013.
- b. As disclosed in note 24 to these interim condensed financial statements, the Company has an outstanding letter of guarantee amounting to SR 45.64 million issued by the Company in favour of GAZT in relation to the zakat assessments it has raised in previous years. As the Company has reached final settlement with GAZT on all outstanding assessments for zakat, the Company in its letter dated 7 July 2019 has requested GAZT to cancel the letter of guarantee in favour of the Company.

27. APPROVAL OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

These financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 29 Dhul Qadah 1440H corresponding to 1 August 2019.